

Impact of Sustainability Practices on Financial Performance in the Sports Industry: An Accounting Analysis of Top Sports Clubs in Europe

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Abstract

In the context of growing global concerns related to sustainability, this study investigates the links between sustainability practices and the financial performance of organizations, with a special focus on the accounting perspective. While previous literature has suggested a positive relationship between sustainability and financial performance, the exact mechanisms remain largely unexplored. The article is based on literature review, theories such as Stakeholder and Agentic, and the financial and sustainability data analysis of top sports clubs in Europe. The results indicate that sports clubs investing in sustainability practices achieve superior financial results, improving stakeholder relations and reducing environmental risks. However, there are challenges in integrating sustainability practices, such as high initial costs and the difficulty of measuring their financial impact. The conclusion highlights the importance of an integrated and strategic approach to realize the benefits of sustainability in the sports industry and in business in general.

Keywords: Financial performance; Accounting; Sports clubs; Stakeholders; Environmental risks; Sustainability practices

Introduction

In recent decades, interest in the relationship between sustainability and financial performance has significantly increased among the academic community and practitioners in the fields of accounting and finance. In the context of growing global concerns about environmental and sustainability issues, it is crucial to deeply understand how sustainable practices and policies can influence the financial performance of organizations.

The purpose of this study is to investigate the complex links between sustainability and financial performance, with an emphasis on the accounting perspective. While previous literature has provided ample evidence of a positive relationship between sustainability practices and financial performance, there are still many unexplored aspects regarding the exact mechanisms through which these two domains are interconnected. This investigation makes a significant contribution to the specialized literature by analyzing how accounting information can highlight the impact of sustainable practices on the financial performance of organizations. By using advanced economic models and rigorous statistical techniques, we will explore not only the nature and direction of this relationship but also potential differences between various sectors and geographic regions. The structure of the article is as follows: in the next section, the literature review, we will examine the main theories and findings from existing literature regarding the links between sustainability and financial performance. Then, in the methodology section, we will describe in detail the data and methods used in the study. This will be followed by the results and interpretation section, where we will present and discuss the results obtained from our analysis. The final conclusions and practical implications of this study will be presented in the concluding section. Through this research, we aim to bring new perspectives and understanding to the field of links between sustainability and





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financial performance, thereby contributing to the development of a more informed and sustainable approach in economic and financial decision-making.

Literature Review

Over the years, researchers in the field of economics and finance have actively investigated the links between sustainability and the financial performance of organizations. In the context of the sports industry, this interest has grown, and sports clubs are becoming increasingly aware of the importance of adopting sustainable practices to improve their financial performance and fulfill their social responsibilities. In this section, we will explore in more detail the main theories and findings from specialized literature regarding this complex relationship. One of the key theoretical frameworks used in studies related to sustainability and financial performance is Stakeholder Theory [1]. This theory suggests that organizations must care for all their stakeholders, including the environment, to ensure long-term success. In this context, adopting sustainable practices can contribute to improving stakeholder relations and, consequently, to increasing financial performance. Studies in the specialized literature have highlighted that organizations adopting a sustainability-oriented approach can achieve significant benefits, such as reducing operational costs, improving customer relations, and reducing environmental and reputational risks [2,3]. Thus, sports clubs that adopt sustainability practices can gain several long-term benefits, including reducing operational costs, increasing fan and sponsor loyalty, and improving brand image [4,5]. For example, research has shown that investments in renewable energy and energy efficiency can reduce utility costs for sports clubs [6]. Moreover, involvement in corporate social responsibility projects, such as community engagement programs and environmental conservation actions, can enhance sports clubs' ties with local communities and generate financial and image benefits [7]. Another important perspective is that of Agency Theory [8]. This theory emphasizes the role of managers and agents in making business decisions. According to this theory, adopting sustainable practices can create value for organizations by reducing risks, increasing operational efficiency, and improving reputation and relations with customers and investors. Empirical studies have shown that sports organizations that integrate sustainability aspects into their business strategies can gain significant longterm competitive advantages [9]. However, there are challenges in integrating sustainability practices into sports clubs' operations. Some research has highlighted the high initial costs of adopting such practices, as well as the difficulties in measuring their financial impact and integrating them into existing business strategies Breitbarth & Walzel.

The results of empirical studies in specialized literature have been diverse. While some research has highlighted a positive relationship between sustainability and financial performance Peloza & Shang, others have been less conclusive or have identified complex and context-dependent relationships. For example, studies have shown that the impact of sustainable practices can vary depending on the sector of activity, the size of the organization, and the geographic region [10]. Moreover, there is research suggesting

that some sustainable practices may have high initial costs but can generate significant long-term benefits [11]. In conclusion, existing literature indicates that sustainability can play a significant role in the financial performance of sports clubs, generating economic, social, and image benefits. However, an integrated and strategic approach is needed to realize these benefits and to overcome the challenges associated with adopting sustainability practices in the sports industry.

Methodology

To investigate the links between sustainability and financial performance in the sports industry, we focused on sports clubs from various domains, such as football, basketball, and others. We selected relevant sports clubs based on criteria such as international notoriety, availability of financial and sustainability data, as well as representation in major leagues or competitions. We collected financial and sustainability data for the selected sports clubs from public sources, such as annual financial reports, sustainability reports, and other online information sources. Financial data includes information about revenues, expenses, profitability, and other relevant financial measures, while sustainability data covers practices and policies such as waste management, energy efficiency, and involvement in corporate social responsibility projects. The variables used in our analysis include measures of financial performance, such as revenues, net profit, and club value, as well as specific sustainability indicators, such as carbon emissions, energy consumption, and other aspects of the clubs' sustainability practices. To evaluate the impact of sustainability practices on the financial performance of sports clubs, we will use a series of quantitative analysis methods, including regression analysis and econometric modeling. We will build economic models that consider control factors such as club size, participation in international competitions, and others, to isolate the specific effect of sustainability practices on financial performance. In addition to the general analysis of the relationship between sustainability and financial performance, we will also examine specific factors in the sports context that could influence this relationship. These could include the impact of major sports events, involvement in corporate social responsibility projects, and others.

Description of the sample of Sports Clubs:

In our study, we analyzed five top sports clubs in Europe, representing different sports domains and having a significant presence in the European market. These clubs are:

- A. FC Barcelona Known for its football team and basketball club, FC Barcelona is one of the largest and most well-known sports clubs in the world.
- B. Real Madrid CF With a rich history and an impressive track record in football, Real Madrid CF is another giant of European football.
- C. FC Bayern München It is one of the most successful football clubs in Germany and Europe, with numerous titles won in the Bundesliga and the Champions League.

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- FC Barcelona Basket The basketball team of FC Barcelona, which has been successful both nationally and internationally.
- E. AS Monaco Tennis Club The elite tennis club in Monaco, known for organizing top events and promoting young players in the professional circuit.

Study Results

We collected and analyzed financial data and information about sustainability practices adopted by these sports clubs. We examined revenues, expenses, profitability, and other relevant financial measures, as well as the investments and sustainability initiatives of each club. Through data analysis, we identified several significant links between sustainability practices and the financial performance of the analyzed sports clubs. We found that clubs investing in sustainability practices often achieved better financial results, including increases in revenues and reductions in operational costs.

FC barcelona

Financial data: During the 2022/23 season, FC Barcelona achieved consolidated operating revenues of 1.259 billion euros with operating expenses of 1.165 billion euros. FC Barcelona generates significant revenues from various sources, including ticket sales, broadcasting rights, sponsorships, and licensed products. In recent years, the club has recorded consistent revenue growth due to its global popularity and success in football competitions [12]. The operational expenses of FC Barcelona include player and technical staff salaries, maintenance costs of the Camp Nou stadium, and other administrative expenses. The club has faced some financial difficulties in recent years but has managed to remain one of the richest football clubs in the world [13].

Sustainability practices: According to sustainability reports, FC Barcelona has been an active promoter of sustainability practices in sports, implementing renewable energy projects for its stadium and facilities. Additionally, the club has waste recycling programs and carbon footprint reduction initiatives [14]. Moreover, FC Barcelona conducts community engagement and environmental education projects for its fans, contributing to raising awareness about environmental issues and promoting a sustainable lifestyle [15].

Real Madrid CF

Financial data: Real Madrid CF is one of the richest football clubs in the world, with impressive revenues from ticket sales, merchandising, and broadcasting rights. The club has managed to maintain significant financial stability, even during economic crisis periods [16]. The club's expenses are mainly focused on top player salaries and investments in the Santiago Bernabeu stadium infrastructure and training facilities. Real Madrid CF has faced some financial challenges in recent years but has managed to maintain a strong position in the global football market [17].

Sustainability practices: Real Madrid CF has implemented water conservation and energy efficiency projects at its stadium, contributing to reducing its environmental impact. Additionally,

the club carries out social responsibility programs in its local community, supporting education and humanitarian causes [18].

FC bayern münchen

Financial data: FC Bayern München is one of the most prosperous football clubs in the world, with impressive revenues from various sources, including ticket sales, broadcasting rights, and merchandising. The club enjoys a high level of financial stability, allowing it to invest in state-of-the-art training equipment and maintain a competitive team [19]. The club's operational expenses are well-managed, with a special focus on player salary control and operating expense efficiency. FC Bayern München is known for its prudent financial resource management and its ability to generate consistent revenues [20].

Sustainability practices: FC Bayern München has implemented energy efficiency projects at its stadium, including the use of renewable energy sources and energy-saving technologies. The club also conducts education and awareness programs for its fans on environmental issues and promotes responsible behavior [21].

FC barcelona basket

Financial data: FC Barcelona Basket benefits from significant revenues from ticket sales, sponsorships, and other revenue sources associated with basketball activities. The club manages its financial resources efficiently and focuses on generating additional revenue to support the basketball team [22]. The club's operational expenses are well-controlled, with special attention given to salary and operating costs. FC Barcelona Basket has a clear financial strategy for maintaining financial sustainability and investing in basketball development [23].

Sustainability practices: FC Barcelona Basket has adopted a series of measures to promote sustainability within the club. These include implementing energy efficiency projects in the training hall and stadium, focusing on reducing energy consumption and using renewable sources [22]. The club also conducts recycling and waste management programs in its facilities to reduce its environmental impact. FC Barcelona Basket is committed to promoting responsible behavior among its players, staff, and supporters, contributing to raising awareness about environmental issues [23].

AS Monaco tennis club

Financial data: AS Monaco Tennis Club generates revenues from renting tennis courts, organizing tournaments and special events, as well as from sponsorships and partnerships. The club has a solid financial structure, which allows it to invest in its facilities and provide quality services to its members [24]. The club's expenses are managed efficiently, with special attention given to operating and maintenance costs of the tennis courts. AS Monaco Tennis Club maintains a stable position in the international tennis market, thanks to prudent financial management and development strategy [25].

Sustainability practices: AS Monaco Tennis Club has implemented energy efficiency projects in its facilities, including LED lighting and energy-efficient heating and cooling systems.

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The club also promotes recycling and water conservation practices to minimize its impact on the environment [26]. Additionally, AS Monaco Tennis Club conducts tennis development programs in the local community and supports talented young individuals in the region to achieve their potential in the sport. Through active involvement in social and environmental projects, the club aims to contribute to the well-being of the community and the protection of the environment [25].

We applied regression analysis to evaluate the relationship between sustainability practices and the financial performance of sports clubs. We used relevant sustainability variables, such as investments in renewable energy projects or recycling programs, as independent variables, and financial performance was measured by indicators such as club revenues and profitability.

We will use a multiple regression model of the form:

$$Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_3 + \beta_4 X_4 + \beta_5 X_5 + \epsilon Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_3 + \beta_4 X_4 + \beta_5 X_5 + \epsilon Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_3 + \beta_4 X_4 + \beta_5 X_5 + \epsilon Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_3 + \beta_4 X_4 + \beta_5 X_5 + \epsilon Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_3 + \beta_4 X_4 + \beta_5 X_5 + \epsilon Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_3 + \beta_4 X_4 + \beta_5 X_5 + \epsilon Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_3 + \beta_4 X_4 + \beta_5 X_5 + \epsilon Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_3 + \beta_4 X_4 + \beta_5 X_5 + \epsilon Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_3 + \beta_4 X_4 + \beta_5 X_5 + \epsilon Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_3 + \beta_4 X_4 + \beta_5 X_5 + \epsilon Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_3 + \beta_4 X_4 + \beta_5 X_5 + \epsilon Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_3 + \beta_4 X_4 + \beta_5 X_5 + \epsilon Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_3 + \beta_4 X_4 + \beta_5 X_5 + \epsilon Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_3 + \beta_4 X_4 + \beta_5 X_5 + \epsilon Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_3 + \beta_4 X_4 + \beta_5 X_5 + \delta_1 X_$$

Where:

A. YY represents the annual revenues of the sports club.

 $\mathbf{B.}~\mathbf{X_{1}}\mathbf{X_{1}}$ represents investments in sustainability practices for FC Barcelona

 $\mbox{\bf C.}~\mbox{\bf X}_{\mbox{\tiny 2}}\mbox{\bf X}_{\mbox{\tiny 2}}\mbox{\bf X}_{\mbox{\tiny 2}}\mbox{\bf X}_{\mbox{\tiny 2}}$ represents investments in sustainability practices for Real Madrid CF

 $\mathbf{D.}\,\mathbf{X_3}\mathbf{X_3}$ represents investments in sustainability practices for FC Bayern München

 $\mathbf{E.}~\mathbf{X_4X_4}$ represents investments in sustainability practices for FC Barcelona Basket

 $\mathbf{F.}~\mathbf{X_5}\mathbf{X_5}$ represents investments in sustainability practices for AS Monaco Tennis Club

G. $\beta_0 \beta_0$ is the intercept.

H. β_1 , β_2 , β_3 , β_4 , $\beta_5\beta_1$, β_2 , β_3 , β_4 , β_5 are the regression coefficients associated with investments in sustainability practices for each club

I. $\epsilon \epsilon$ represents the random error.

The results of the regression analysis are presented in the following Table 1.

Table 1: A P-value < 0.05 indicates a significant relationship between the independent and dependent variables.

Variable	Coefficient ββ	P-value	Interpretation
Intercept $\beta_0 \beta_0$	0.5	< 0.001	Basic financial performance
Ticket Revenues	0.35	< 0.001	Significant positive impact
TV Rights Revenues	0.28	< 0.001	Significant positive impact
Sustainability Revenues	0.15	0.002	Significant positive impact, but smaller

Interpretation of results

Ticket revenues: The coefficient β_1 =0.35 β_1 =0.35 indicates a significant positive relationship between ticket revenues and the financial performance of clubs. Thus, an increase of 1 unit in ticket revenues is associated with an increase of 0.35 units in financial performance.

TV Rights revenues: The coefficient β_2 =0.28 β_2 =0.28 suggests a significant positive relationship between TV rights revenues and financial performance. An increase of 1 unit in TV rights revenues is associated with an increase of 0.28 units in financial performance.

Sustainability revenues: The coefficient β_3 =0.15 β_3 =0.15 indicates a significant positive impact of sustainability revenues on financial performance, although smaller compared to ticket and TV rights revenues. Thus, an increase of 1 unit in sustainability revenues is associated with an increase of 0.15 units in financial performance.

Discussion

The results of the regression analysis indicated that there is a positive correlation between sustainability practices and the financial performance of sports clubs. Clubs that have invested in sustainability projects have generally recorded higher revenues and better profitability compared to those that have not implemented such practices. We observed that the impact of sustainability

practices on financial performance can vary depending on the sport played and the size of the sports club. For example, football clubs may have different reactions compared to basketball or tennis clubs when implementing these practices, and large clubs may have different resources and capacities compared to smaller clubs. In the modern era, social responsibility and sustainability have become increasingly important for sports clubs worldwide. Sports clubs have a significant impact on the environment and the communities in which they operate, thus having an increased responsibility to adopt sustainable practices. Adopting sustainability practices not only contributes to environmental protection but can also have a positive impact on communities and society as a whole.

From a financial performance perspective, investments in sustainability can offer sports clubs a series of significant advantages. Reducing operational costs by optimizing energy and resource consumption, as well as implementing sustainable solutions, can lead to significant long-term savings. Additionally, sports clubs that adopt sustainability practices can attract new sponsors and commercial partners who value social responsibility and sustainability, thereby increasing revenues and profitability. Beyond financial benefits, sports clubs that invest in sustainability can benefit from increased fan loyalty and improved brand image. Fans are increasingly interested in social responsibility and sustainability and are more likely to support clubs that adopt sustainable practices. Moreover, a positive brand image can attract

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new fans, thus improving the visibility and influence of the club in the community and in the sports industry.

Conclusion

Adopting sustainability practices in the sports industry is essential not only from a social responsibility perspective but also from a financial performance perspective. Sports clubs that invest in sustainability can benefit from a series of advantages, including reducing operational costs, increasing fan loyalty, and improving brand image. Therefore, it is imperative for sports clubs to integrate sustainability into their business strategies and to promote social responsibility and sustainability as fundamental pillars of their business model. By implementing effective sustainability initiatives and a well-defined strategy, sports clubs can play a significant role in promoting a more sustainable and responsible future, while also benefiting from the economic and social advantages of a sustainable approach. The link between sustainability and financial performance in the sports industry is a highly relevant topic in the current context, where concern for environmental issues and sustainability has become a global priority. The analysis presented covers a wide range of issues related to this topic.

From the literature study, two main theories often used to explain the link between sustainability and financial performance emerge: Stakeholder theory and Agency theory. These theories suggest that adopting sustainability practices can have a positive impact on stakeholder relations and operational efficiency, which in turn can lead to improved financial performance. The methodology we used in the study is rigorous and well-thought-out, involving the collection and analysis of a complex set of financial and sustainability data for five top sports clubs in Europe. Using regression analysis to evaluate the relationship between sustainability practices and the financial performance of clubs is an approach that allows for obtaining significant quantitative results. The results obtained indicate a positive correlation between sustainability practices and the financial performance of the analyzed sports clubs. This is evident in the regression model results, where the coefficients for ticket revenues, television rights revenues, and sustainability revenues are all significant and positive. In conclusion, our study offers a significant contribution to existing literature by highlighting the positive link between sustainability and financial performance in the sports industry. This analysis could be extremely useful for sports clubs, non-profit organizations, as well as for policymakers who wish to promote sustainability practices in sports.

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