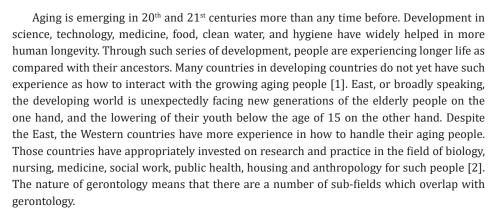


Aging and Gerontology in the East and the West: A Sociological Appraisal

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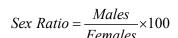
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Mini Review



The developed countries entered the study of population aging quite earlier. Due to their declining fertility rates and rising life expectancy, mostly the developed countries are facing more aging population. Aging population is an indicator of industrial countries. Social work plays a very prominent role to identify the status of aging people with special reference to those who are usually 65 and older. It functions quite better in the developed world countries, whereas in developing countries social work is not as developed, and because of that, many aging people are facing hazards of various kinds. Many aging people are afflicted with dementia and Alzheimer's disease disorders [3]. Not only the Western scientists have written on aging and gerontology, Avicenna the Islamic scientist and researcher (1025) indicated the care of the aging people, including remedies, diet and constipation problems. The increasing number of the aged and life expectancy have started rising since the 14th century, but with higher acceleration in recent centuries. The phenomenon has resulted in increasing many family issues. The term "gerontology" was first coined by [4].

However, since 1940s National Institute on Aging started its activities at the University of Southern California [5]. People over 60 years old are predicted to be about 22 percent of the total population by the year 2050. Because of the age-related diseases the term the issues of aging people have been of priority with reference to treatment. As a demographic rule, baby-boomers of a time turn to aging population at another time. It is currently happening in Japan with 29 percent of aging people, Western Europe with 21 percent and the United States with 16 percent of aging 65 and over [6]. Due to change and transition in science and technology, most parts of the world will face more elderly people in the next three decades. So, geoscience needs to be used more to solve the issues emerging. Sex ratio is an indicator used in demography and gerontology. It indicates the number of males per 100 females.



In industrial countries females outnumber males in in old ages.

ISSN: 2640-9666



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Submission:

September 22, 2020

Published:

October 06, 2020

Volume 4 - Issue 2

How to cite this article: Mohammad Taghi Sheykhi. Aging and Gerontology in the East and the West: A Sociological Appraisal. Perception in Reproductive Medicine. 4(2). PRM. 000581. 2020. DOI: 10.31031/PRM.2020.04.000581

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