Creativity in Family Medicine

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Abstract

The concept of creativity is important in medicine, especially in family medicine, to stimulate new ideas about research and patients care. Family medicine is the art of working with creativity. This concept can be difficult to explain and understand. This characteristic is presented based on a fable or tale "the fable of the golf ball and the penguin". The fable is an adult education method which can serve to intuitively understand abstract concepts, by linking them to specific situations, and so to facilitate their assimilation. The family doctor has to have great creativity to be able to face the variability and complexity of people, contexts, patterns, models, actors and relationships. Creativity is one of the strategies used by the competent family doctor to resolve the uncertainty of decision making in the consultation. And within the options to can generate the growth of our creativity, one of them is when solution is adapted to different situation: how to use something effective elsewhere? What can we copy or imitate? How do they solve it in other cultures or other disciplines? How can we turn the problem into an opportunity? How can we put together used things and constitute something new?

Keywords: Family medicine; Fable; Significant learning; Methodological proposal; Creativity

Introduction

Conceptual systematization in the specialty of Family Medicine/General Medicine has not matched with practice. However, it is not until that the conceptual heritage of Family Medicine, is ordered, systematized and fully clarified when it can begin the real practical work [1-5].

Therefore, it is necessary to achieve more meaningful representations of the fundamental concepts of Family Medicine, and facilitate the transfer of these to clinical practice. One of these main concepts is that of "creativity" [6]. But, this concept can be difficult to understand and explain, even for experienced physicians in the specialty [7,8]. Evidence-Based Medicine, clinical trials and quantitative studies are necessary, indispensable for medical science, but why not the stories, the tales and the cases? So, we will present this concept of "creativity" by a fable [9]. Fables and metaphors can simplify expert knowledge, not by ignoring or reducing the inherent complexity, but by providing a point of entry for its comprehension. They are a means of generating ideas, promoting creativity, and constructing concepts and theories [10,11].

The fable is an adult education method that can serve to intuitively understand abstract concepts by linking them to specific situations, for facilitating their assimilation. The fable is a fictional stories presented as real. In the fable will be beings or objects that are given the opportunity to think, feel and speak. In the fable it can be distinguished two parts: one is the story itself the "case" or "clinical observation", and the other the moral [12,13].

Short Communication

Once upon a time there was a golf ball that walking with instability and a penguin that seemed to move unsteadily. But I have fear when solution is adapted to different situation: how to use something effective elsewhere? What can we copy or imitate? How do they solve it in other cultures or other disciplines? How can we turn the problem into an opportunity? How can we put together used things and constitue something new?

"I know that golf is a sport that consists of playing with a ball until it is thrown into a hole by successive blows. But I have fear..."
Research in Medical & Engineering Sciences

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There are many paths to climb in the attainment of knowledge. It seems, however, that over the last century the dominant approach in Western thought has only recognized the Cartesian positivist paradigm as a valid the process for gaining knowledge. Different types of problems require different types of knowledge. Creativity can be a source of knowledge by providing us with perspectives of reality, and in this sense it can also have a cognitive impact on us and on our understanding of the world. The prevailing belief in a measurable and deterministic truth has begun to disappear. We now accept that there are many forms of knowledge. Life, in its constant expansion and creativity, including uncertainty, provides us with open-ended, unwritten experiences, with changes and surprises. Thus, uncertainty is an essential element in human existence.

Family medicine is the art of working creatively. Creativity is one of the strategies used by the competent family doctor to resolve the uncertainty of decision making in the consultation. And within the options to generate our creativity, one of them is to adapt the solution to different situations: how to use something that was effective elsewhere? What can we copy or imitate? how do they solve it in other cultures or other disciplines? How can we turn the problem into an opportunity? How can we put together used things and constitute something new... [14-20].

The family doctor has to be creative. He or she has to be as a jazz musician. The music that the “family doctor plays” in each consultation has to have great creativity to be able to face the variability and complexity of people, contexts, patterns, models, actors and relationships [21-23].

Creativity is an emerging concept in a fast changing world, where it is no longer enough to learn the elaborated knowledge or apply the clinical guidelines when attending patients, but that in the context of medical care in family medicine it is necessary to give new answers to changing and serious problems. Thus, the family doctor should be trained as a creative professional [24].

Summary and Conclusion

There are many paths to climb in the attainment of knowledge. It seems, however, that over the last century the dominant approach in Western thought has only recognized the Cartesian positivist paradigm as a valid the process for gaining knowledge. Different types of problems require different types of knowledge. Creativity can be a source of knowledge by providing us with perspectives of reality, and in this sense it can also have a cognitive impact on us and on our understanding of the world. The prevailing belief in a measurable and deterministic truth has begun to disappear. We now accept that there are many forms of knowledge. Life, in its constant expansion and creativity, including uncertainty, provides us with open-ended, unwritten experiences, with changes and surprises. Thus, uncertainty is an essential element in human existence.

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References


